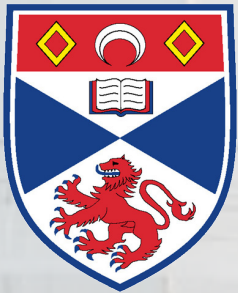




The GAMA Multi-Wavelength Survey: The Stellar-Mass Halo-Mass Paradigm



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&
The GAMA Team



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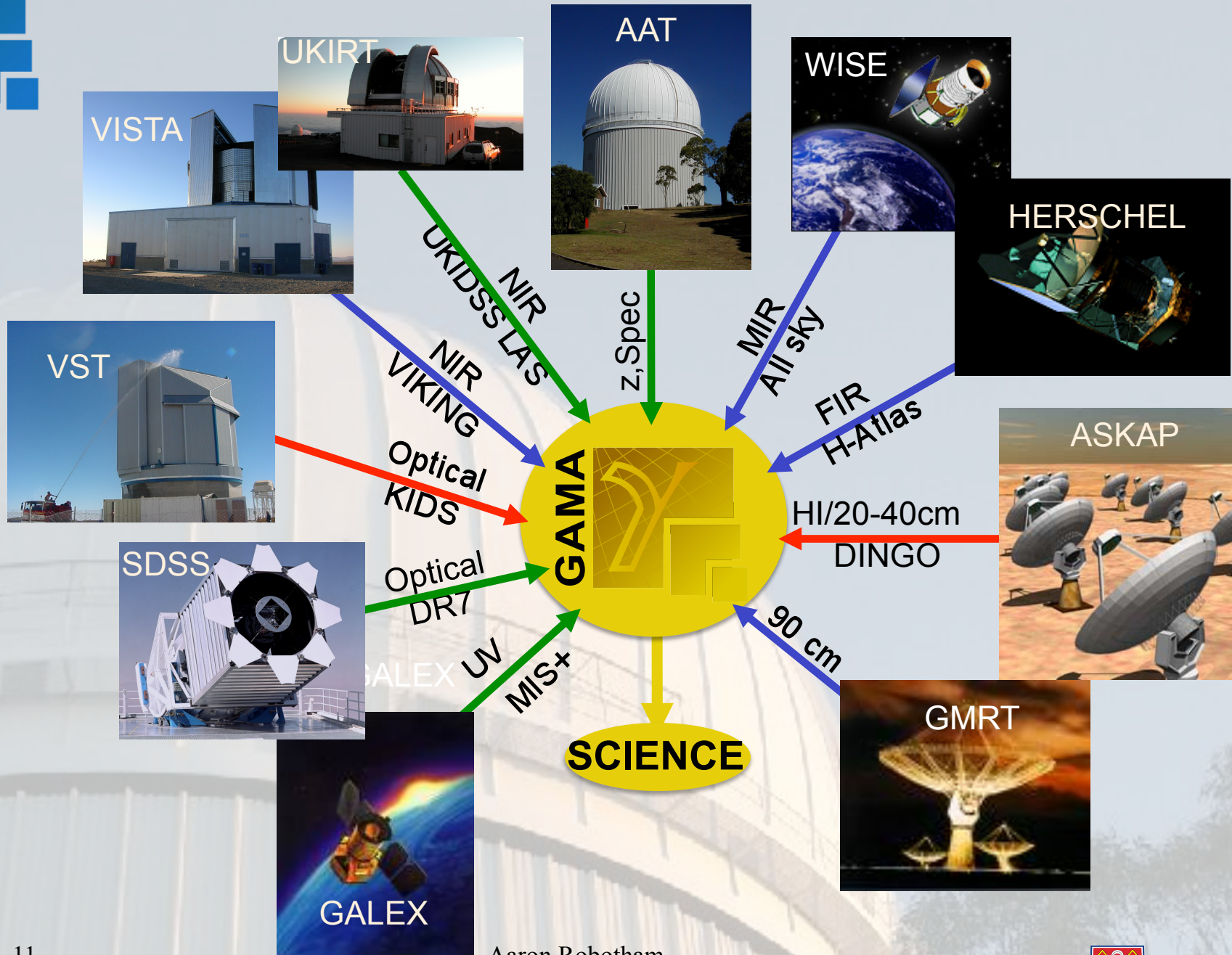
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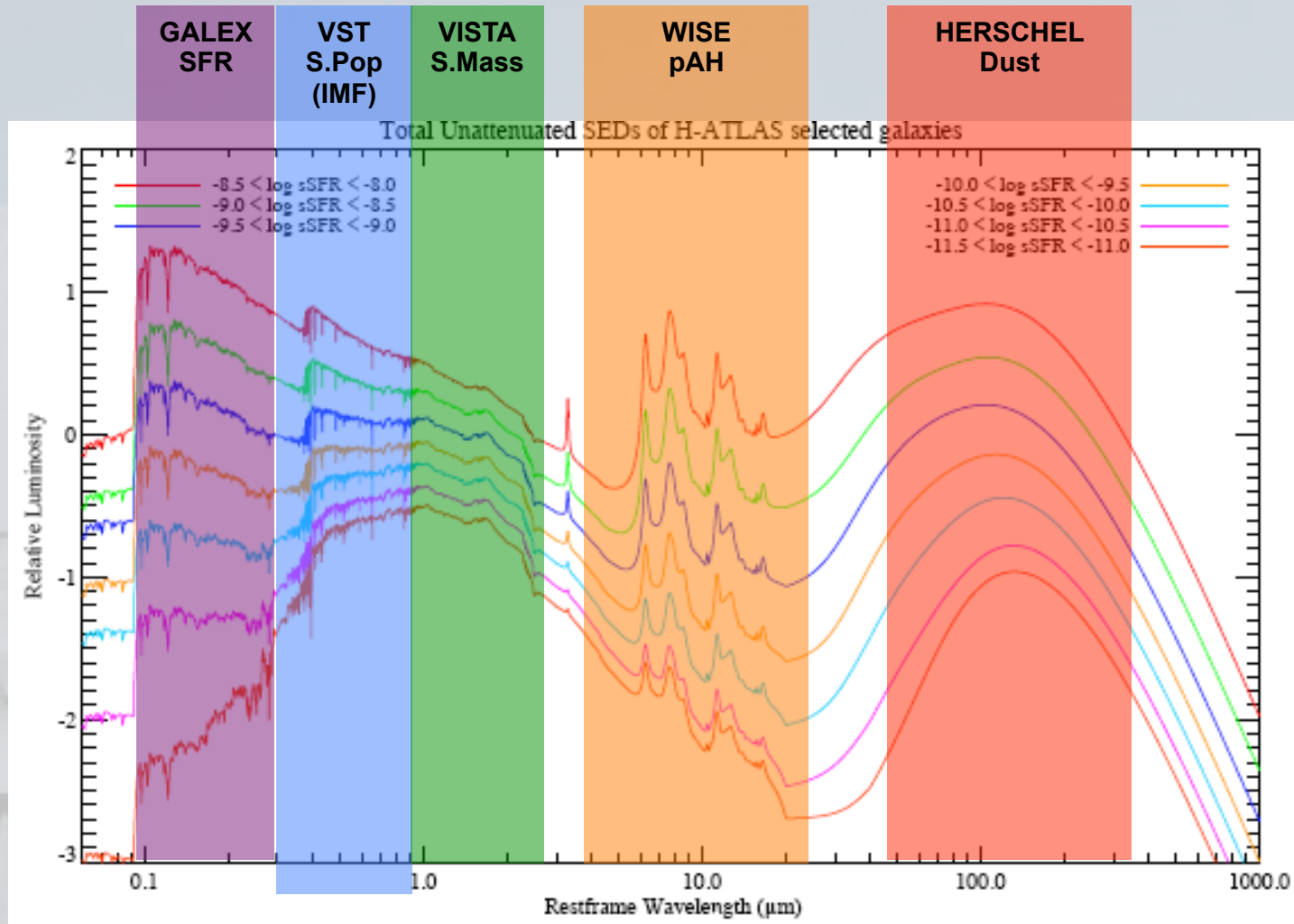
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GAMA I (II) Outline

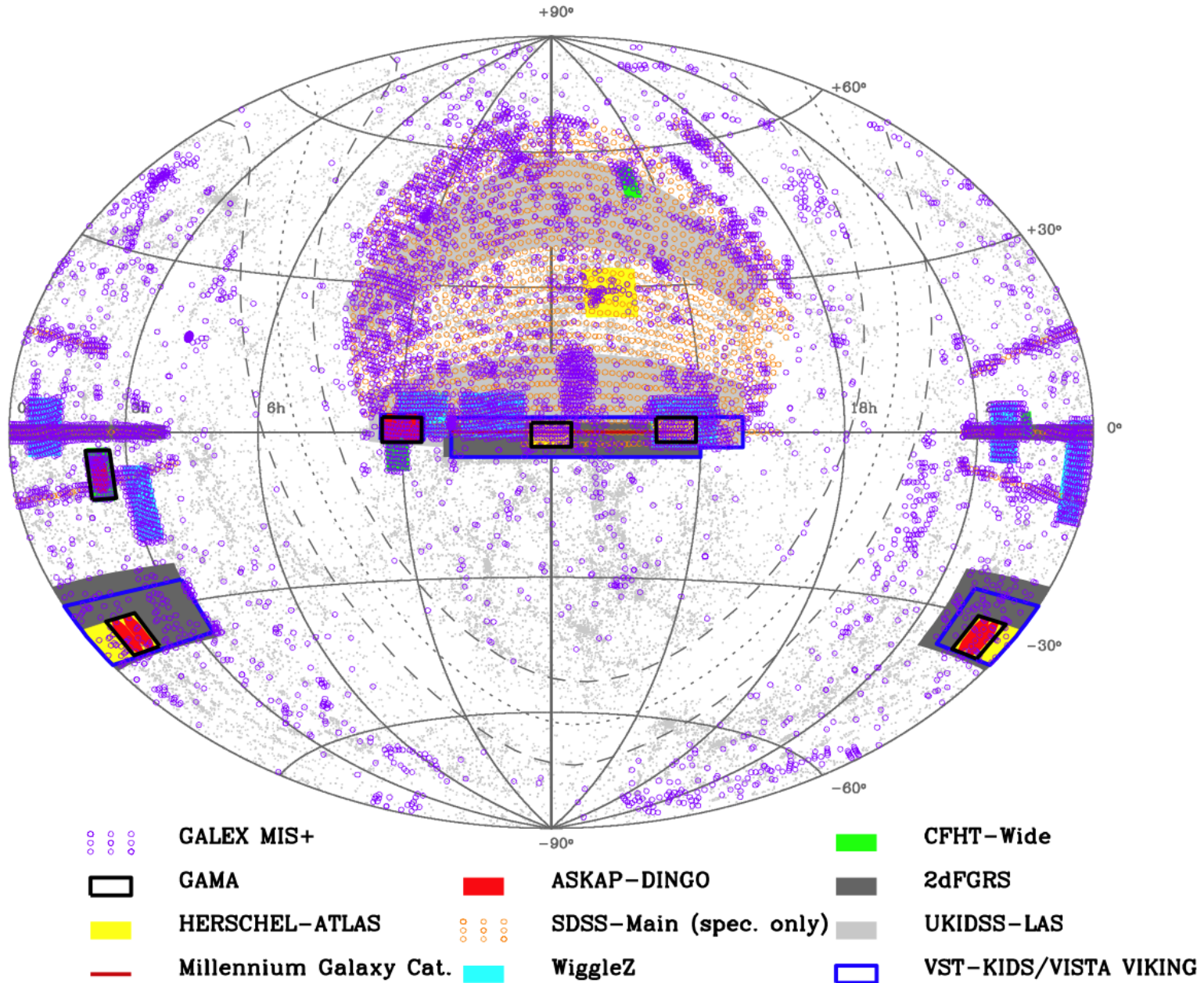
- An r-band selected redshift survey:
 - Three (Six) regions each $\sim 4 \times 12$ deg (5×12 deg)
 - ~ 1000 targets per sq deg (2dFGRS ~ 120 , SDSS ~ 70) ~ 8 tiles per unit area
 - **Testing CDM** via HMF, merger rates, and SFE
 - Total allocation 66 (178) nights
- A multi-wavelength study of galaxies:
 - FUV,NUV,ugrizYJHK,mid-IR,far-IR,20cm,21cm,1m (AGN, stars, gas, dust)
 - 1kpc resolution in ugrizYJHK to $z < 0.1$ (structural analysis)
 - Robust halo masses (internal/external environmental markers)
 - Estimated data value A\$55 million
- GAMA Team now includes >50 scientist across >30 institutions.



Why do we need all this photometry?



Smith et al (2011)



Why do we need all this spectroscopy?

Photo-z versus spectro-z

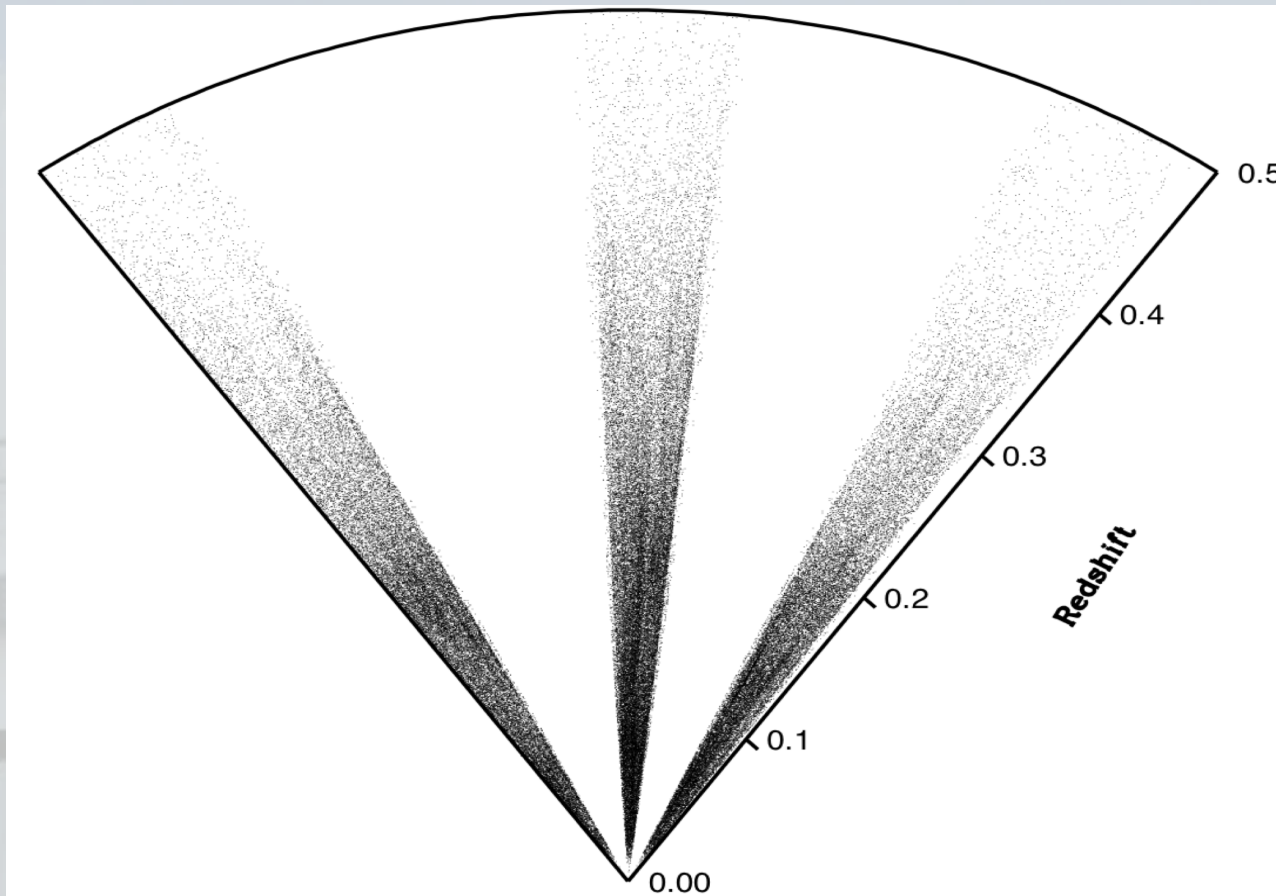


Photo-z credit:
Hannah Parkinson

Why do we need all this spectroscopy?

Photo-z versus spectro-z

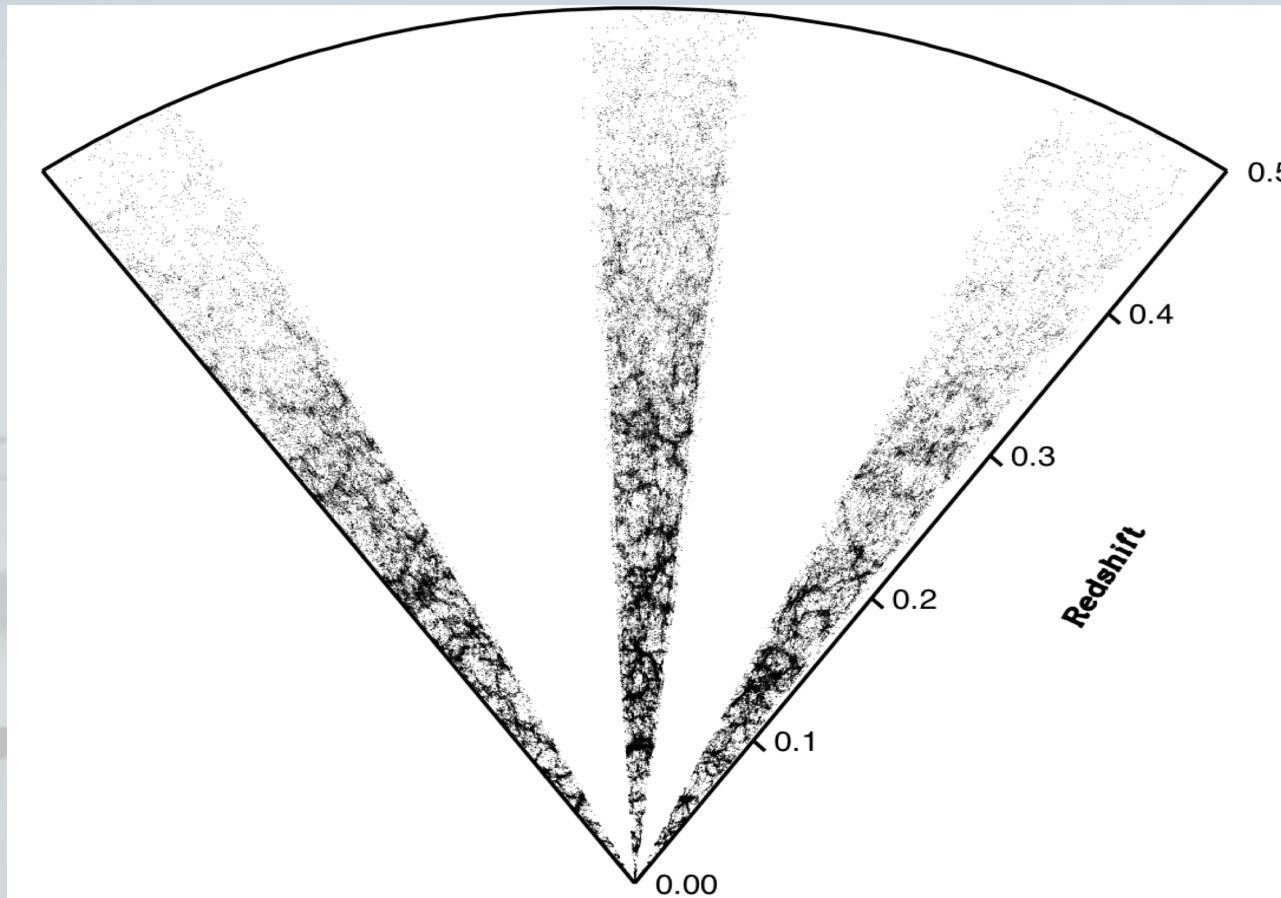


Photo-z credit:
Hannah Parkinson

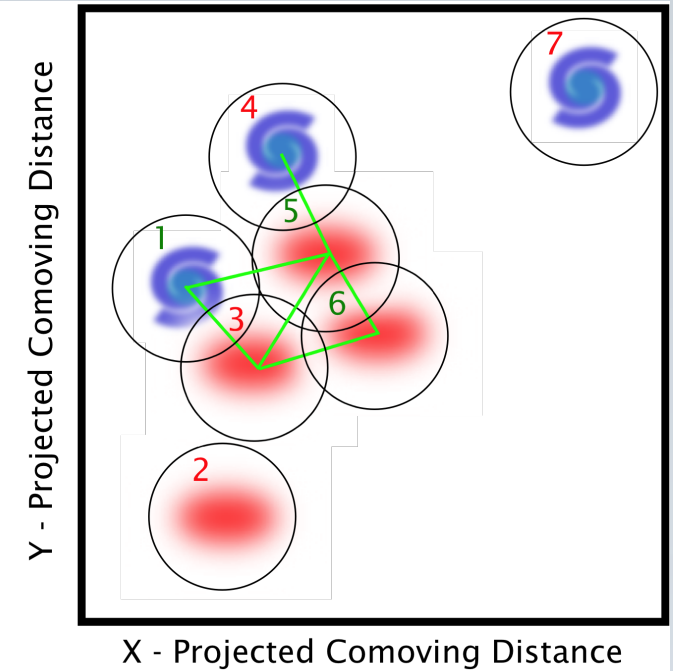
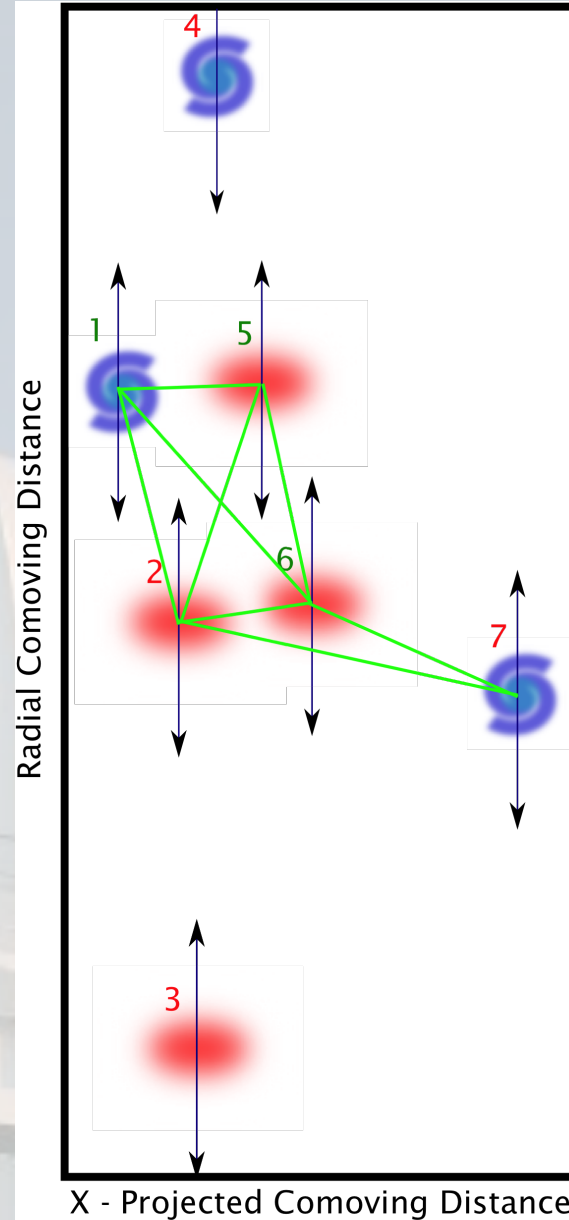


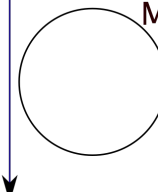
GAMA Galaxy Group Catalogue

Alias: G³C (Robotham et al. 2011)

- Tried various implementations of FoF and halo based grouping
- FoF:
 - Links built between individual galaxies
 - Groups built from finding common links
- Halo:
 - Cores of groups found by constructing the voronoi tessellation
 - Scale core membership to define group extent
- FoF grouping much more flexible and successful when tested against mocks, used as the basis of the final group catalogue algorithm.

- At the simplest level we:
 - Calculate the GAMA luminosity function (LF).
 - Require that galaxies are significantly linked when they are locally overdense.
 - Do this separately radially and in projection.
 - We then construct groups out of common linking.




 Max radial sep for FoF group
 Max projected sep for FoF group
 — Implied FoF link
 ? = In Real Halo
 ? = Not in Real Halo

Actual Halo Group = 1, 5, 6

Radial FoF Group = 1, 2, 5, 6, 7

Projected FoF Group = 1, 3, 4, 5, 6

Final Common FoF Group = 1, 5, 6

Some technical points...

- To create meaningful group catalogues we need to understand the biases expected by choosing different approaches to grouping
- Solution is to test on mock catalogues- created by Alex Merson (Durham) and Peder Norberg (Edinburgh). This is a combination of the Millennium Simulation plus a GALFORM semi-analytic (Bower et al. 2006) galaxy formation recipe on top.
- 27 GAMA like volumes ($z=0 \rightarrow 0.5$, 48 sqdeg) exist with known associations between dark matter halos and semi-analytic galaxies.
- In some sense, we need an approaching to grouping that does “the best job” at recovering correct groupings – lots to say on that subject, interested parties should read the G3C paper.

How good do we expect our groups to be?

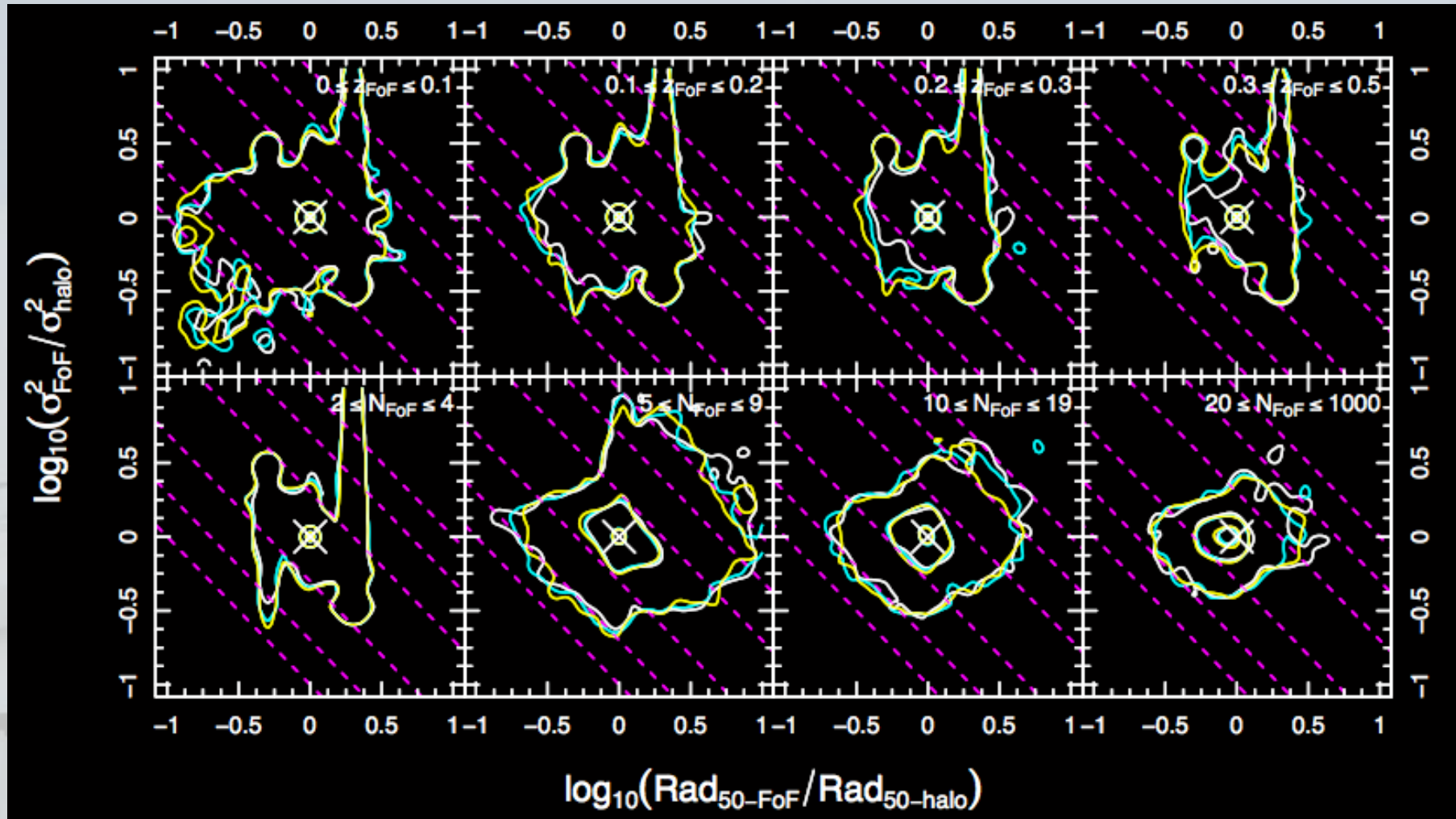
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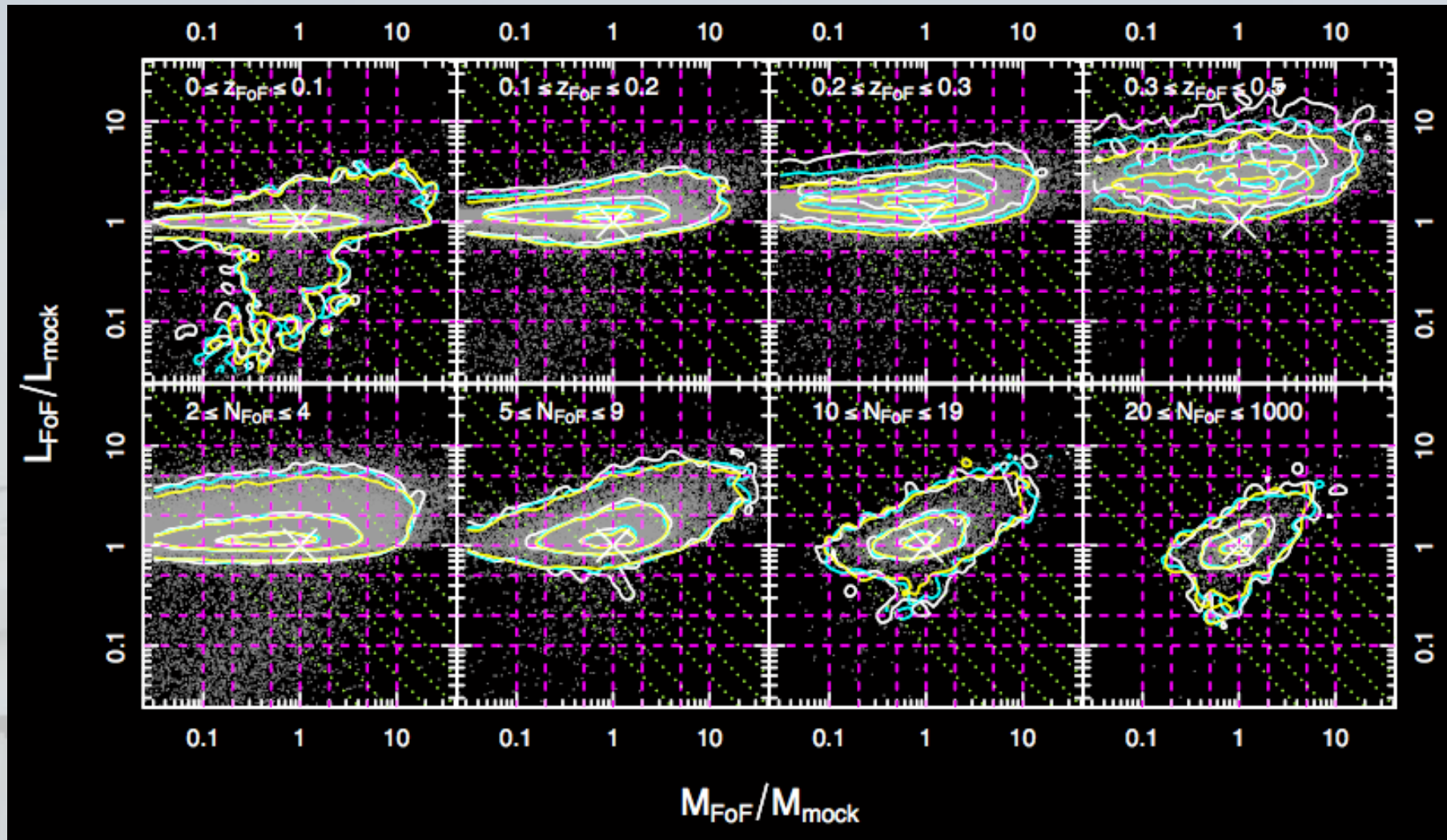


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$$M \propto \sigma^2 r$$



Group Dynamical Mass and Luminosity using global correction



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Robotham et al. 2011
MNRAS in press

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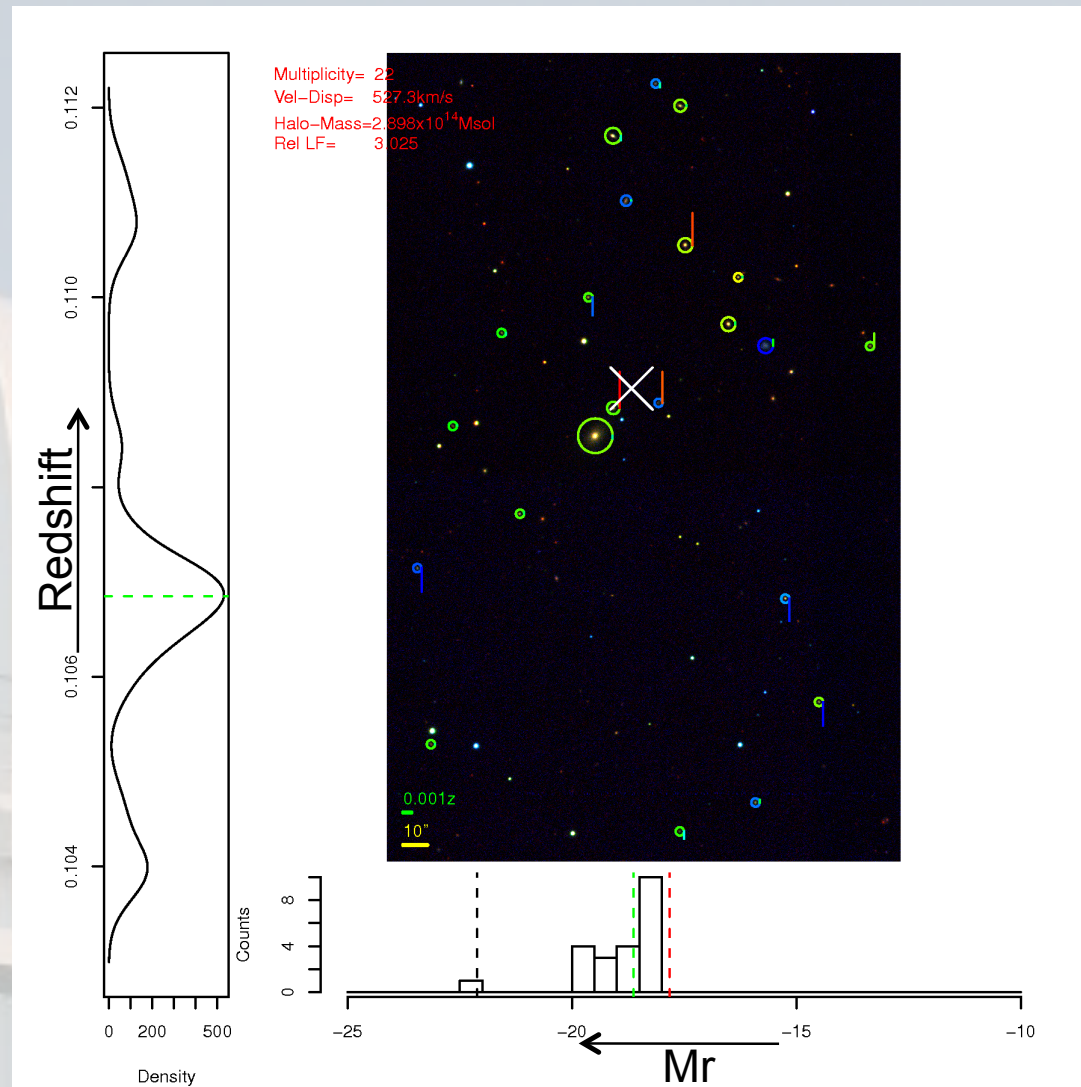


Fossil Group

$Z \sim 0.11$

22 w. GAMA

1 pre GAMA



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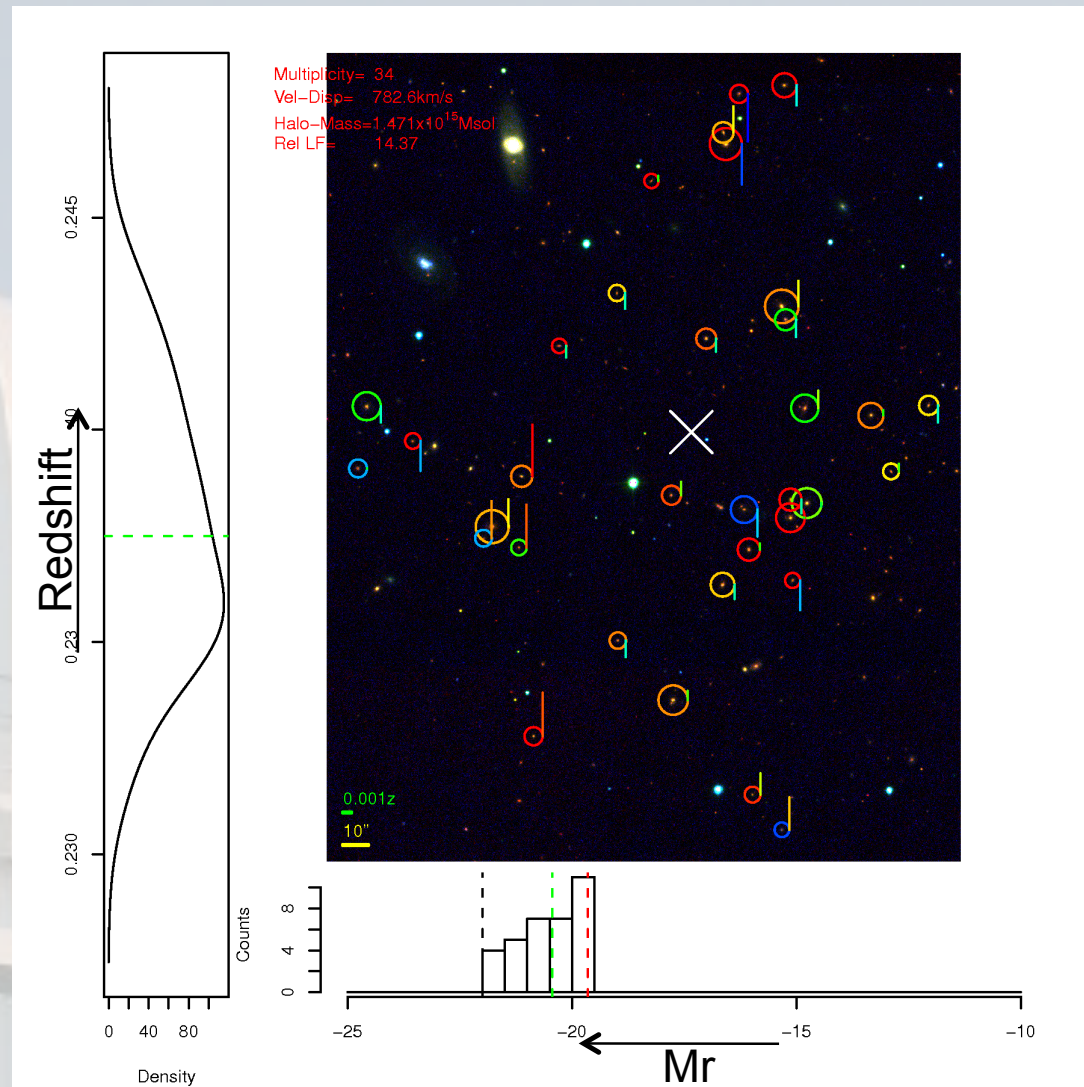
Cluster

$Z \sim 0.24$

34 w. GAMA

5 pre GAMA

Perfect cluster!



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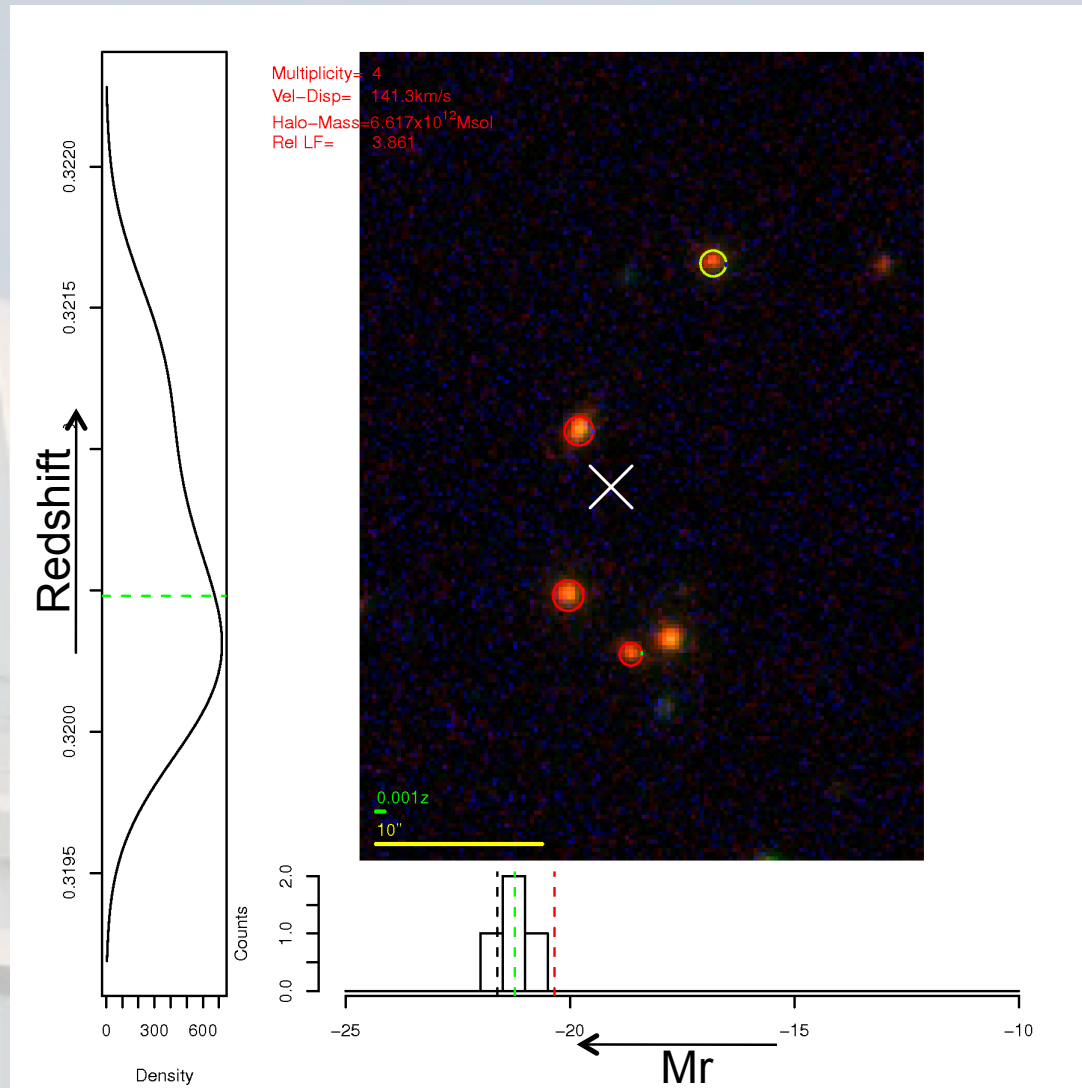
Small Group

$Z \sim 0.32$

4 w. GAMA

0 pre GAMA

All within 2dF
fibre collision
radius.



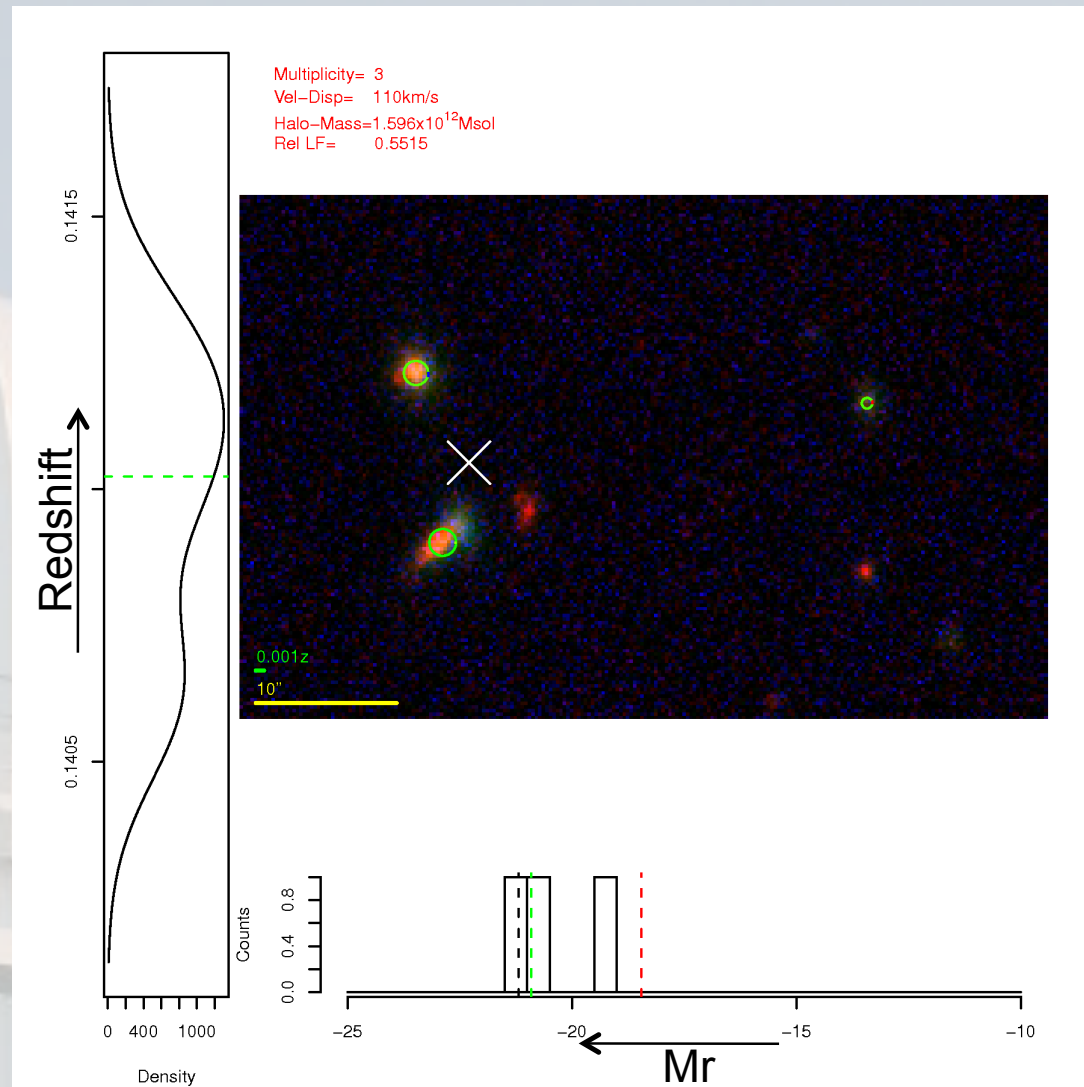
Small Group

Z ~ 0.14

3 w. GAMA

1 pre GAMA

Mergers?



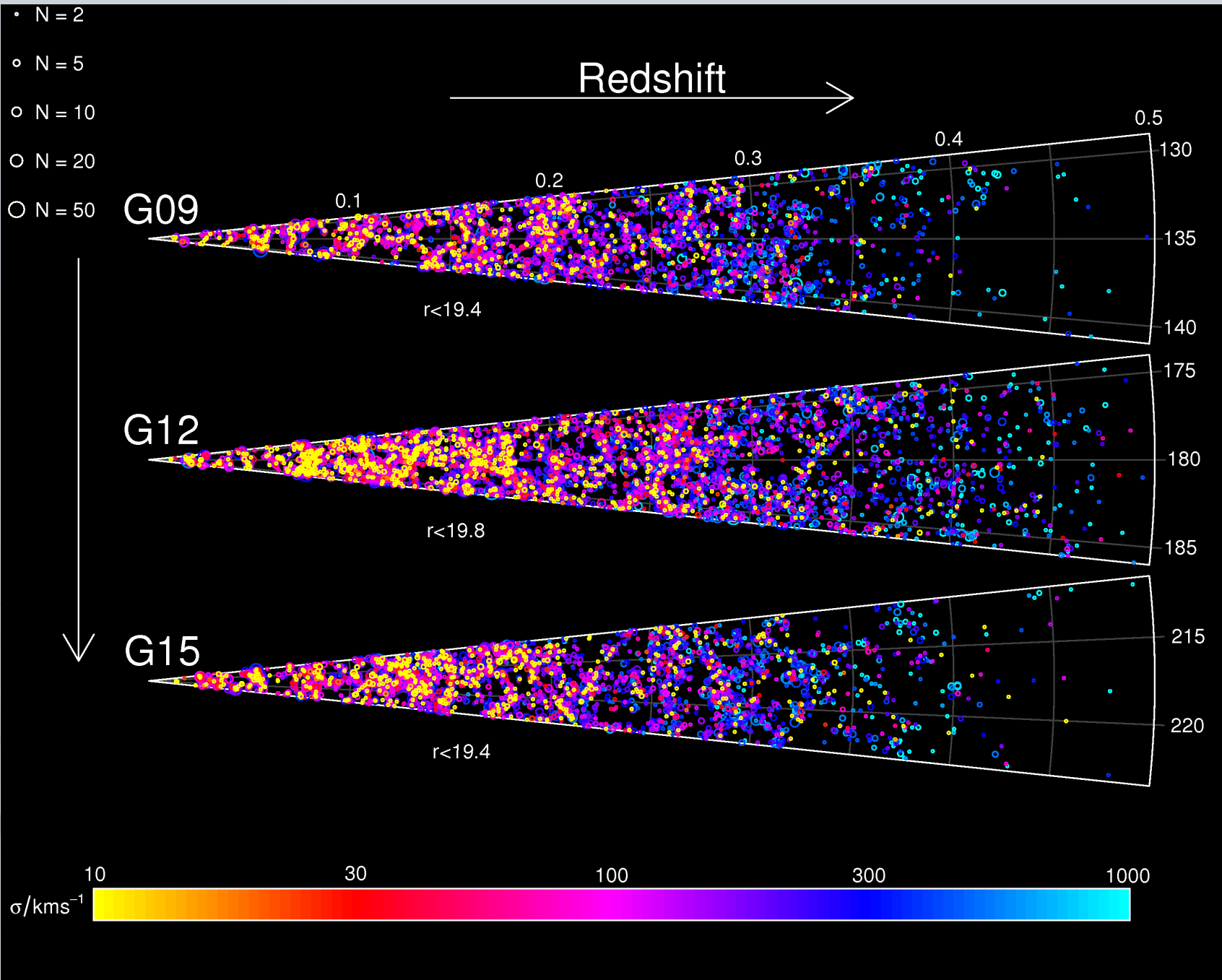
How do we do overall?

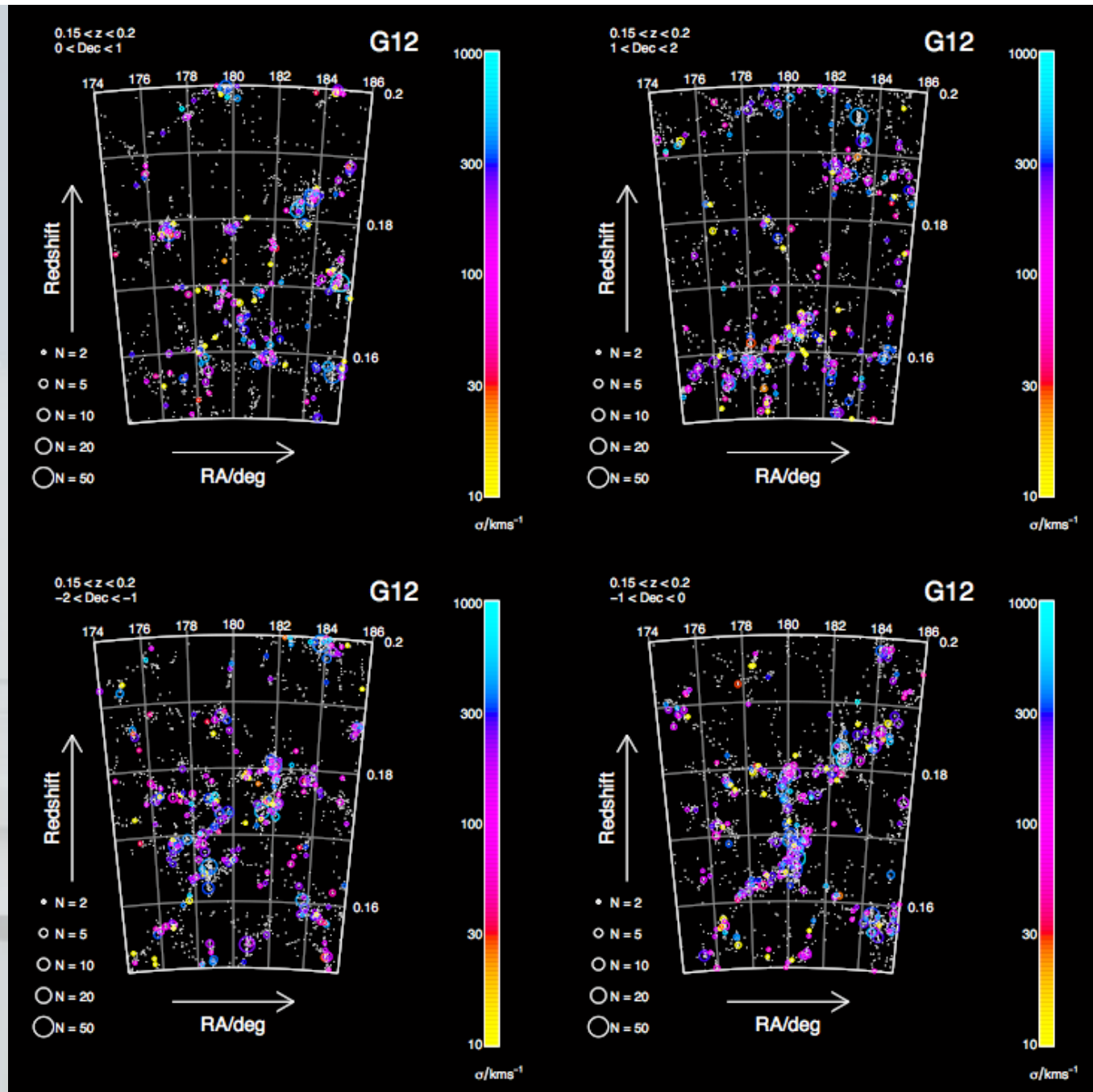
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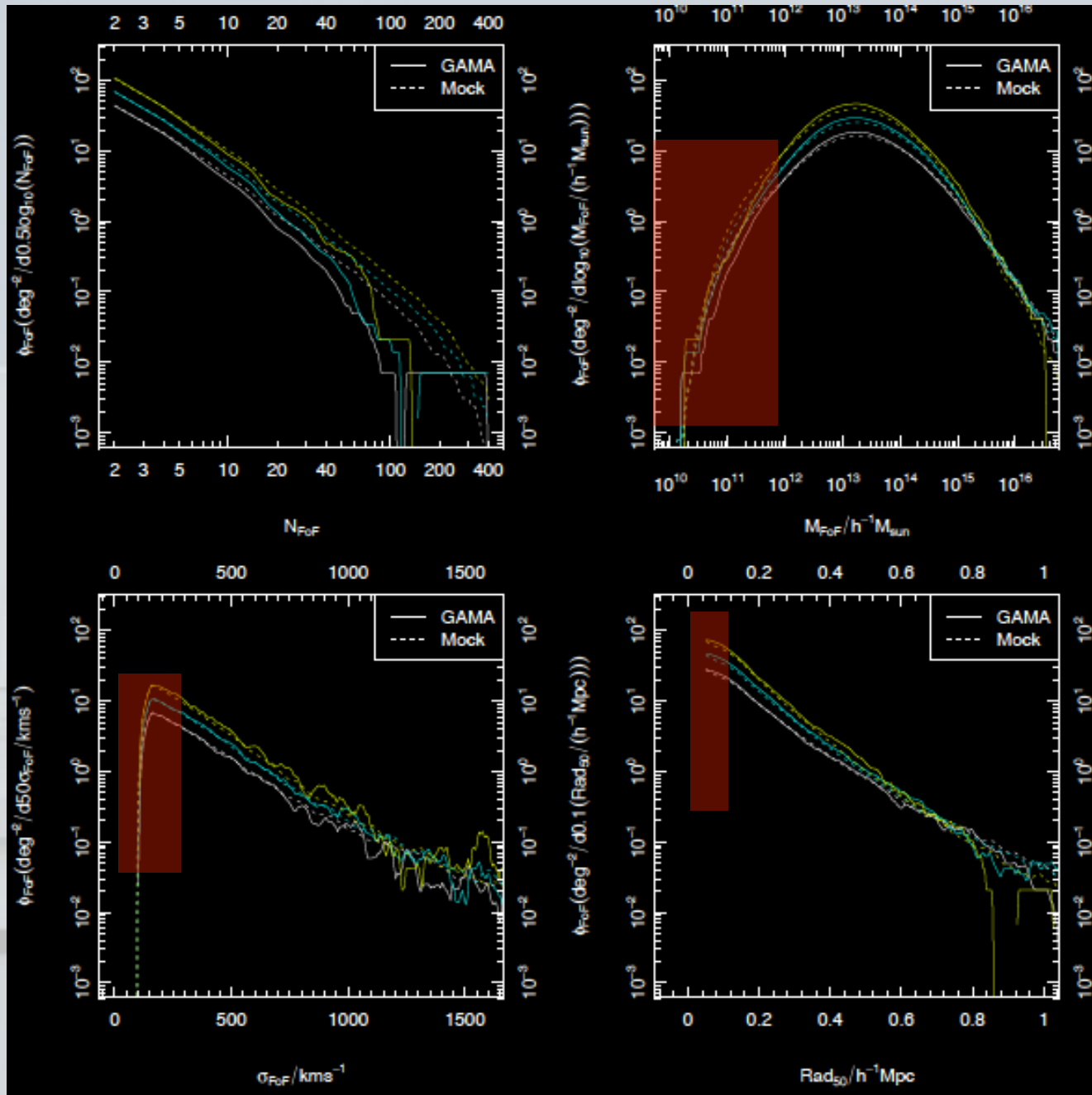
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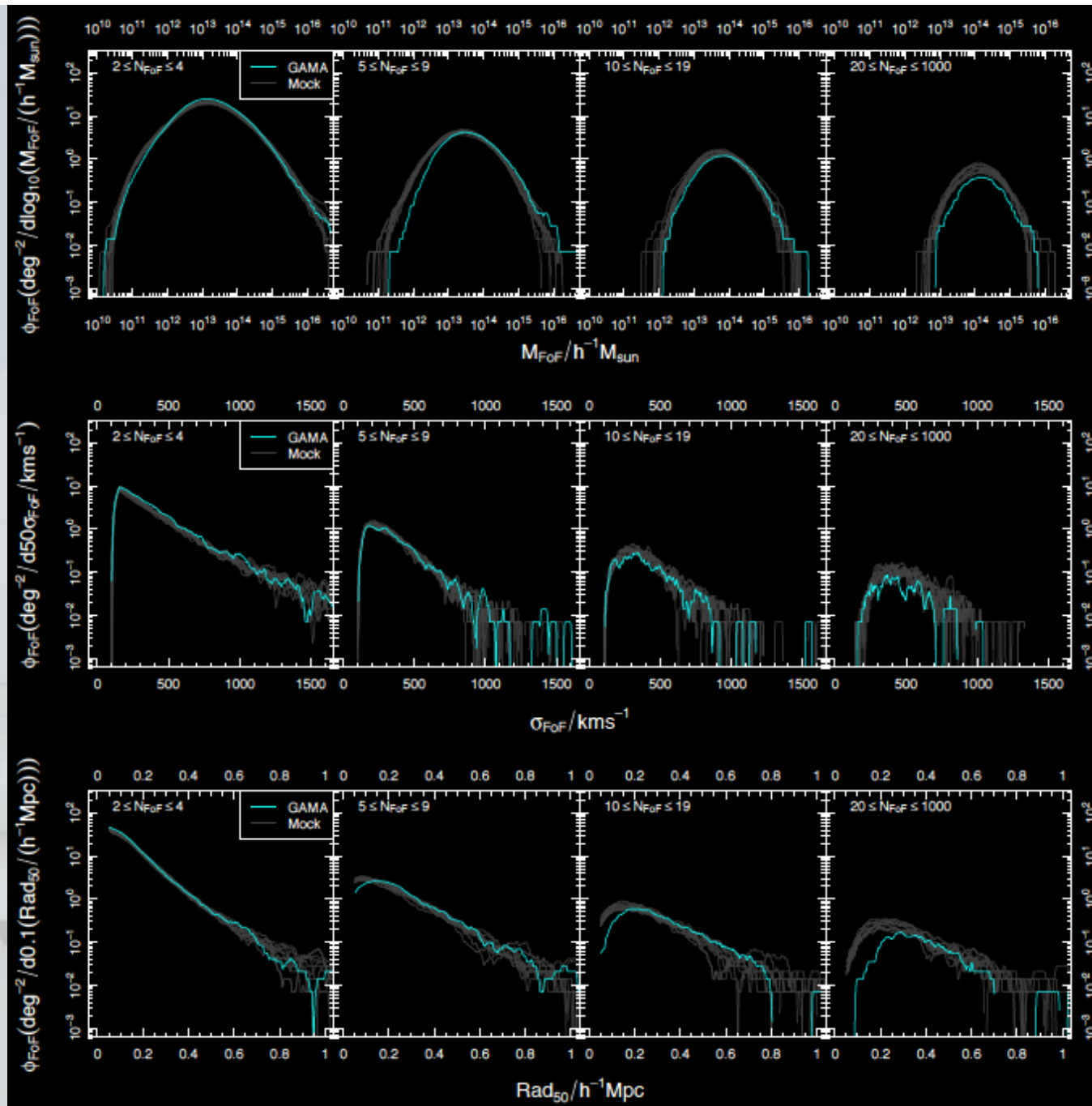
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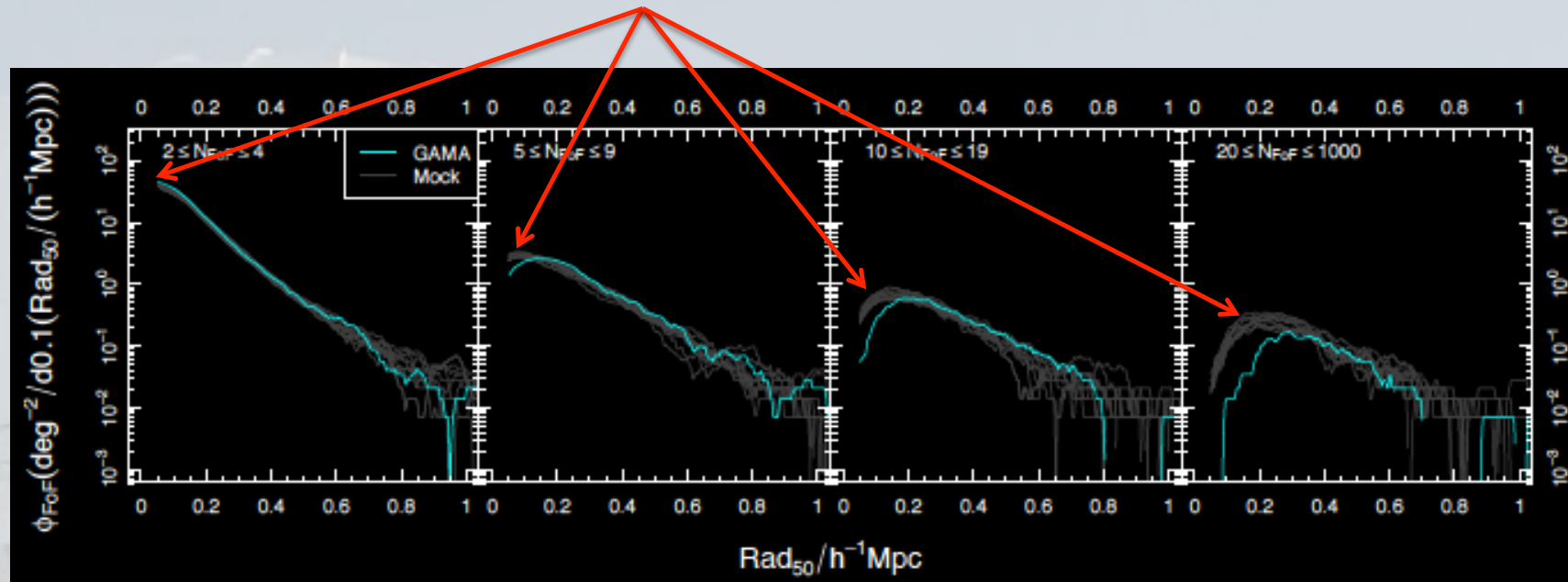
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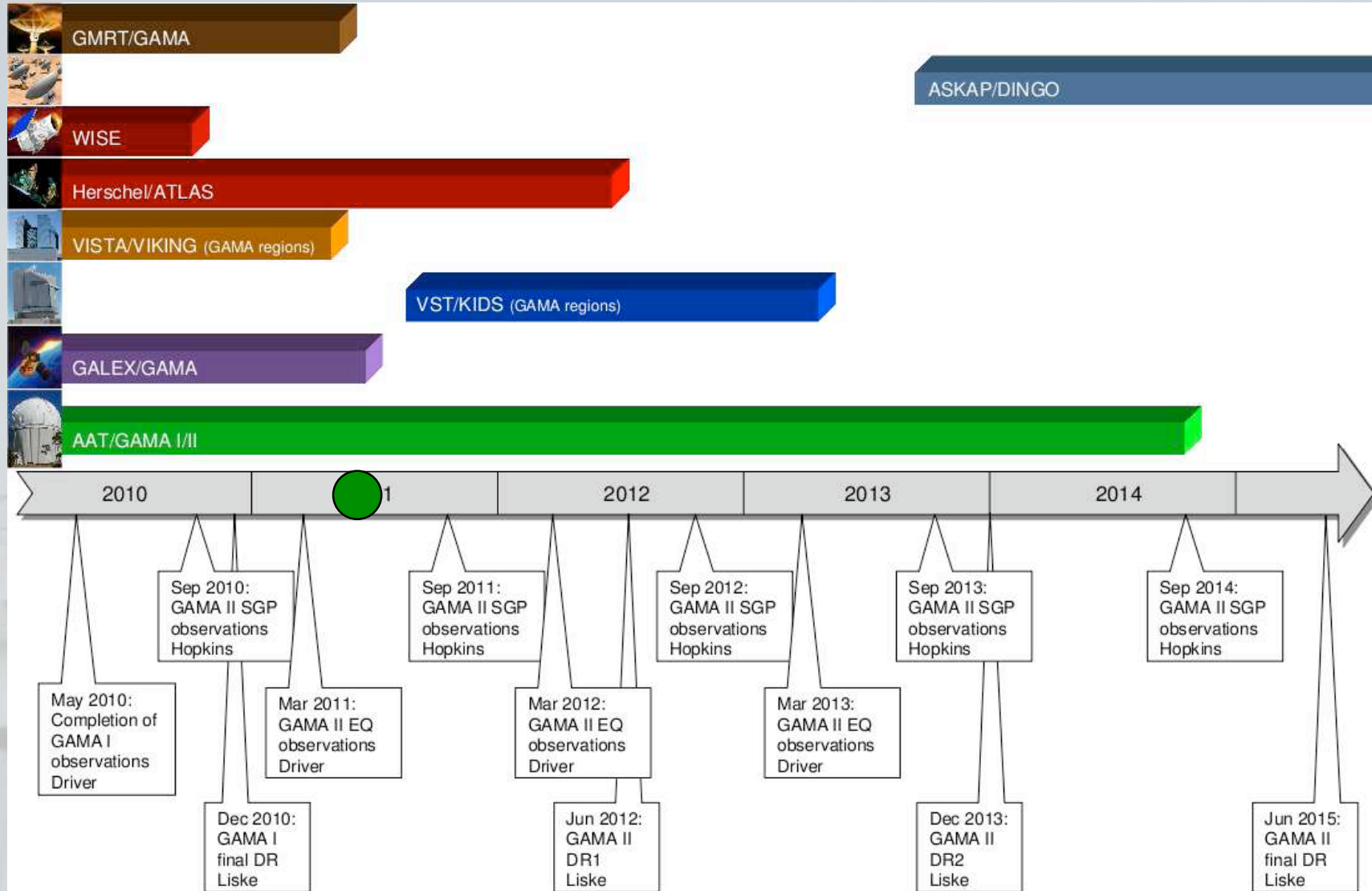
So what is going on at low mass?

- Problem appears to be that the mocks (MS + SA) produce far too many compact groups.



- A few possibilities:
 - CDM clustering
 - Dynamical friction recipe

What next...

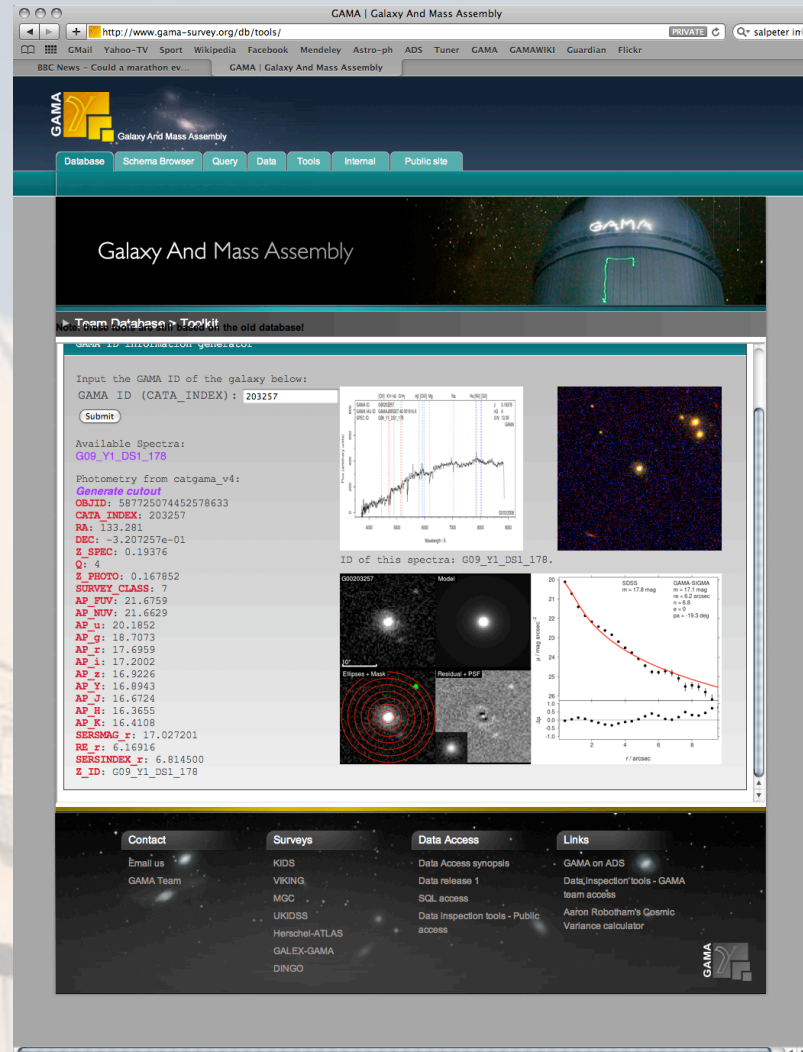




GAMA Database/Website

<http://www.gama-survey.org/>

- GAMA website is up and running.
- It includes the first public release of data.
- We have SQL server to search catalogues.
- Other data products:
 - Spectra
 - Swarp mosaics
 - 2D profiles
 - SFR
 - Stellar Mass



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Conclusions

- GAMA is offering the astronomical community the definitive low-z galaxy database.
- Phase I is complete, and many papers based on this data are about to be released.
- My work has included producing the GAMA Galaxy Group Catalogue (G³C) see arXiv:1106.1994 (MNRAS in press).
 - We find discrepancies between the data and the MS-SA mocks. Work ongoing to discover origin.
- Now moved on to observing GAMA-II (N+S).
- Email: asgr@st-and.ac.uk